A process for producing quadricyclane, the process comprising:

providing a solution comprising norbornadiene;

and

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- off filter, whereby said norbornadiene is converted to quadricyclane.
 - 2. The process of claim 1 further comprising adding a substituted diaminobenzophenone to said norbornadiene to the solution prior to irradiating said solution, said substituted diaminobenzophenone having a solubility in norbornadiene greater than the solubility of Michler's Ketone in norbornadiene.
 - 3. The process of claim 2 wherein said substituted diaminobenzophenone is selected from the group consisting of Ethyl Michler's Ketone, 4,4'-bis(dipropylamino)benzophenone, 4,4'-bis(dibutylamino)benzophenone, 4,4'-bis(methylamino)benzophenone, 4,4'-bis(t-butyl-methylamino)benzophenone, and a combination thereof.
 - 4. The process of claim 3 wherein wherein said substituted diaminobenzophenone is Ethyl Michler's Ketone, added to said norbornadiene in the range of about 0.2% to about 3.86% by weight.

- 5. The process of claim 1 wherein said solution is irradiated with a metal halide-doped mercury arc lamp.
- 6. The process of claim 1 wherein said solution is irradiated with an iron halide-doped mercury arc lamp.
- 7. The process of claim 1 further comprising adding a base to said solution prior to irradiating said solution, said base reducing the formation of by-products during said conversion.
 - 8. The process of claim 7 wherein said base is a trialkylamine.
- 9. The process of claim 1 wherein said solution is irradiated with a lamp having enhanced output in the wavelength range of about 250 nm to about 400 nm.
- 10. The process of claim 1 wherein said solution is irradiated with a lamp having enhanced output in the wavelength range of 340 nm to 390 nm.
- 11. The process of claim 1 further comprising regulating the temperature of said solution between about -40°C and about 60°C.

- 12. The process of claim 1 further comprising regulating the temperature of said solution between about -10°C and about 30°C.
- 13. The process of claim 1 further comprising regulating the temperature of said solution at about 0°C.
- 14. The process of claim 1 wherein said sharp cut-off filter is one of a WG220, a WG280, a WG295, a WG305, and a WG320 filter.
- 15. The process of claim 1 wherein said sharp cut-off filter has a thickness in the range from about 0.5 mm to about 10 mm.
 - 16. Quadricyclane formed by the process of claim 1.

17. A process for the production of quadricyclane, the process comprising:

providing purified norbornadiene;

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adding Ethyl Michler's Ketone to said norbornadiene in the range of about 0.2% to about 3.86% by weight to form a solution; and irradiating said solution with light emitted from an iron halidedoped mercury arc lamp and filtered through a filter to have an enhanced output in the range of about 340 nm to about 390 nm, wherein said norbornadiene is converted to quadricyclane.

- 18. The process of claim 17 further comprising adding triethylamine to said solution to reduce the formation of by-products during the conversion.
- 19. The process of claim 17 further comprising regulating the temperature of said solution at about 0°C.
- 20. The process of claim 17 wherein said light is filtered through a borosilicate glass having a thickness in the range from about 0.5 mm to about 10 mm.
- 21. The process of claim 17 wherein said light is filtered through a sharp cut-off filter selected from the group consisting of a WG220, a WG280, a WG295, a WG305, and a WG320 filter.

- 22. The process of claim 21 wherein said sharp cut-off filter has a thickness in the range from about 0.5 mm to about 10 mm.
 - 23. Quadricyclane formed by the process of claim 17.

24. A process of driving a solution-phase photochemical transformation, the process comprising:

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providing a solution having the potential for a solution-phase photochemical transformation; and

irradiating said solution with light emitted from a metal-halide doped mercury arc lamp and filtered through a sharp cut-off filter to drive a solution-phase photochemical transformation within said solution.

- 25. The process of claim 24 wherein said solution is irradiated with a metal halide-doped mercury arc lamp.
- 26. The process of claim 24 wherein said solution is irradiated with an iron halide-doped mercury arc lamp having an enhanced output in the range of about 340 nm to about 390 nm.
- 27. The process of claim 24 further comprising, prior to irradiating said solution, adding a diaminobenzophenone sensitizer to said solution, said sensitizer having a solubility in said solution greater than Michler's Ketone.
- 28. The process of claim 24 further comprising, prior to irradiating said solution, adding a base to said solution.
 - 29. The process of claim 24 wherein said base is a trialkylamine.

30. The product formed by the process of claim 24.